

Personal Assurance of God's Love in Christ Jesus Our Lord

8-35-9

<sup>35</sup>Who will separate us from the love of Christ? Tribulation or distress, or persecution, or famine, or nakedness, or danger, or sword? <sup>36</sup>As it has been written: "For the sake of you, we face death all the day; we are regarded as sheep of slaughter." <sup>37</sup>But in all these things, we more than conquer through the [One] having loved loved us. <sup>38</sup>For I am persuaded that neither death nor life; nor angels nor principalities; nor things present nor things to come; nor powers, <sup>39</sup>nor height nor depth, nor any other created thing, will be able to separate us from the love of God in Christ Jesus our Lord.

#### INTRODUCTION

8:35-39

There is now a shift in Paul's language, since the forensic language of 31-34 is left behind and there is a move to "separate" (χωρίζω) and "love" (ἀγαπάω). Thus, Paul begins a more personal and relational emphasis on the love of God, in Christ Jesus, for us! God's powerful, active love has already been articulated for us 31-34; He "did not spare His own Son, but handed Him over in behalf of all" and that His Son died, but was raised from the dead and is now at God's right hand, where Jesus continues to plead in our behalf!

IN CHRIST'S LOVE, WE ARE VICTORIOUS IN ALL **THINGS!** 

8.35

<sup>35</sup>"Who will separate us from the love of Christ? Tribulation, or distress, or persecution, or famine, or nakedness, or danger, or sword?"

The verb that Paul uses for *"separate"* ( $\chi\omega\rho\iota\sigma\epsilon\iota$ ) gives the sense that the possibility is completely ruled out.

And *"love"* (ἀγάπης) is used by Paul to lead his hearers to the more personal and relational emphasis on the love of God in Christ Jesus.

We see these truths in v.34.

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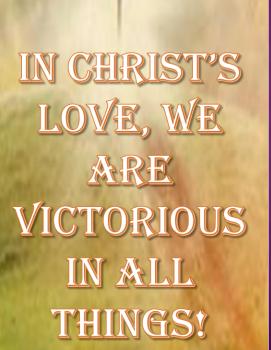
Paul then begins to list a series of nouns that could be potential separators that focus on outward tribulation. Following is a short exposition on each noun:

1. θλίψις (thlip'-sis): It can be translated as "tribulation"; however, in the proper, literal sense it means "pressure." Thus, it carries the challenge of coping with the "internal" pressure of a "tribulation," especially when feeling there is "no way of escape!"

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2. στενοχωρία (sten-okh-o-ree'-ah): Properly, a narrow place; (figuratively) a difficult circumstance - which God authorized and hence produces a temporal sense of confinement. However, through our Lord's in-working of faith, internal distress (sense of pressure, anguish) is ironically the way He shows His limitless work - in our "limitations!"



9.95

<sup>35</sup>"Who will separate us from the love of Christ? Tribulation, or distress, or persecution, or famine, or nakedness, or danger, or sword?"

**3.** διωγμός (dee-ōgue-mos'): Properly: *pursuit* (chase); *persecution* – literally, "the *hunt* to bring someone down like an animal;" trying to suppress (punish) their convictions and in Christian literature it always means to persecute for religious reasons.



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4. λιμός (lee-mos'): The narrow sense, *"hunger."* In the wide sense: *"famine."* 

5. γυμνότης (goom-not'-ace): *"Nakedness."* More generally it refers to the lack of *"sufficient clothing"* or to be *"destitute."*

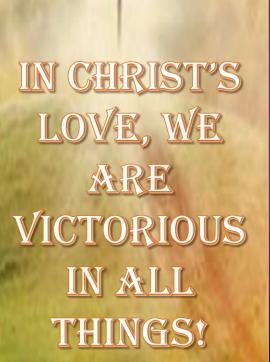
6. κίνδυνος (kin'-doo-nos): "Danger or risk." Of note, Paul uses this noun eight times 2 Cor. 11:26.

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7. μάχαιρα (makh'-ahee-rah): Properly, a "slaughter-knife." A short sword or dagger mainly used for stabbing. Figuratively: an instrument for exacting "retribution" or any "violent death" or, rarely, "war."

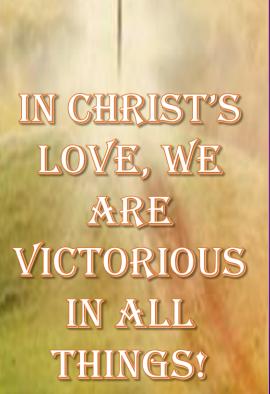




8.3R

<sup>36</sup>As it has been written: 'For the sake of you, we face death all the day; we are regarded as sheep of slaughter.'

The formula that Paul uses to begin this verse is also seen in 4:17, where it's used to introduce a quote from the Old Testament; and he does the same here with a quote from Ps. 44:22. What Paul is getting at is the suffering endured on account of God, for the sake of Jesus Christ, for His Gospel and Kingdom. Jesus speaks similar words in St. Mark 8:35!



8.3R

<sup>36</sup>As it has been written: 'For the sake of you, <u>we</u> <u>face death all the day</u>; we are regarded as sheep of slaughter.'

"....[W]e face death all the day...;" does not mean that we are being put to death daily; yet, daily and continually, we are facing hazards that could potentially or eventually be fatal. Paul also discusses this paradoxical existence in 2 Cor. 4:11 with our existence being centered on our Lord Jesus!

**IN CHRIST'S** LOVE, WE ARE VICTORIOUS IN ALL **THINGS!** 

2.26

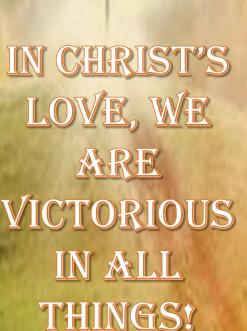
<sup>36</sup>As it has been written: 'For the sake of you, we face death all the day; <u>we are regarded as sheep of slaughter</u>.'

The image here is strikingly similar to Is. 53:7. Recall, the Son, whom we have discussed in 8:32, who was not spared, but handed over to death...for our sake!

"If the world hates you, you know that it hated Me before it hated you" (St. John 15:18);

"The Son of Man must suffer many things, and be rejected by the elders and chief priests and scribes, and be killed, and be raised the third day" (St. Luke 9:22); and,

"Do not marvel, my brethren, if the world hates you" (1 John 3:13).



ANS

8:36

<sup>36</sup>As it has been written: 'For the sake of you, we face death all the day; we are regarded as sheep of slaughter.' Lastly, this OT citation functions to verify that the sufferings previously listed in v.35 have always characterized the life of the faithful Christian, past and present. The sufferings of these afflictions are also exemplified by our Lord Jesus, the Lamb who

was slain (cf. Revelation 5:6, 12).

IN CHRIST'S LOVE, WE ARE VICTORIOUS IN ALL THINGS!

2.27

<sup>37</sup>But in all these things, we more than conquer through the [One] having loved us."

The main verb in this verse is υπερνικώμεν (hoop-er-nik-o'-main). The prefix ὑπερ (hyper) is an intensifier of the verb  $\nu$ iká $\omega$ , to "be victorious!" Therefore, you are an *exceedingly* conqueror, being "more than a conqueror," i.e., a "super-conqueror" who is *"completely and overwhelmingly* victorious!"

### **ROMANS** 8:37

IN CHRIST'S LOVE, WE ARE ARE VICTORIOUS IN ALL THINGS! <sup>37</sup>But in all these things, we more than conquer through the [One] having loved us."

IN CHRIST'S LOVE, WE ARE ARE VICTORIOUS IN ALL THINGS:

8:37

<sup>37</sup>But in all these things, we more than conquer through the [One] having loved us." However, we also know that this victory is NOT won by us, but for us! The victory is accomplished by Christ Jesus, our Lord, "...the [One] who loved us." **LSB** #6

Whose awesome deeds were discussed in v.34!

NOTHING WILL SEPARATE US FROM GOD'S LOVE <sup>38</sup>"For I am persuaded that neither death nor life nor angels nor principalities nor things present nor things to come nor powers <sup>39a</sup>nor height nor depth nor any other created thing...."

What follows in vv. 38-39<sup>a</sup>, is a list of ten items introduced and separated by ten uses of the Greek conjunction, ovre, "neither/nor." In Greek grammar, when this conjunction is repeated it begins with "neither" and all succeeding uses are "nor."

NOTHING WILL SEPARATE US FROM GOD'S LOVE <sup>38</sup>"For I am persuaded that [neither death nor life] [nor angels nor principalities] [nor things present nor things to come] [nor powers] <sup>39a</sup>[nor height nor depth] [nor any other created thing]...."

You will also notice that the ten items are grouped in pairs, even though there is no punctuation in Greek, with the exception of "powers [δυνάμεις]. Such groupings are called "merism" (a figure of speech, where two elements that are diametrically opposites are combined to cover the whole spectrum).

NOTHING WILL SEPARATE US FROM GOD'S LOVE

<sup>38</sup>"For I am persuaded that [neither death nor life] [nor angels nor principalities] [nor things present nor things to come] [nor powers] A closer look at the merism and we see that the first pair: neither death nor life, represents two "states of existence;" the second: nor angels nor principalities, embraces the spirit world; the third: nor things present nor things to come, addresses the temporal or worldly dimension; next is a noun that lacks a partner: nor powers, in accord with this form this noun is also seen in Col 1:16 and refers to angels, as excelling in power, and are called δυνάμεις!

NOTHING WILL SEPARATE US FROM GOD'S LOVE <sup>39a</sup>[nor height nor depth] [nor any other created thing]...."

The fourth pair nor height nor depth, refers to the spatial dimension and both Greek nouns are technical astronomical terms; the final element is: nor any other created thing ...," effectively draws the list to its conclusion and is an all-inclusive term that encompasses any other relevant item which may be perceived as being omitted from the list!

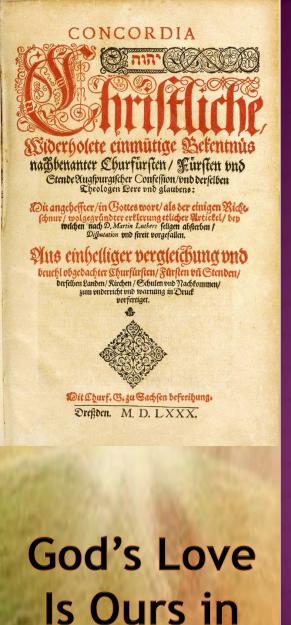
Additionally, it communicates that any other beings, other than the persons of the Holy Trinity, owe their existence to the Creator! Therefore, everything, without exception, is under God's power and authority.

### **ROMANS** 8:39b

God's Love Is Ours in Christ Jesus <sup>39b</sup>"... will be able to separate us from the love of God in Christ Jesus our Lord."

In accord with Paul's continuing literary style, he adds a significant qualifying phrase. The dominant witness to "the love of God" as defined by Paul's final axiom, is literally the love which is "in Christ Jesus our Lord!" Thus, it is only in Jesus that the love of God is fully manifest!

This is true, since God the Father "handed Him over [to death] in behalf of us all" (8:32); and "salvation is not in any other" (Acts 4:12); (cf. St. John 14:6).



**Christ Jesus** 

<sup>39b</sup>"... will be able to separate us from the love of God in Christ Jesus our Lord."

Therefore, the Formula of **Concord explains how Romans 8 provides** a *"beautiful and glorious*" comfort that God was so deeply concerned about every individual Christian's conversion, righteousness, and salvation and so faithfully minded about it" (FC SD XI **45)**:



nathbenanter Churfurften / Fürften bud Ctende Augfpurgifcher Confession derfelben Ebeologen Gere und glaubens:

Dit angeheffter/in Gottes wort/als der einigen Bicke fonur/ wolgepundter erllerung etlicher Artickel/ bey welchen nach Marin Lanker feligen absterben / Diffmation und fireit vorgefallen.

Plus embelliger vergleichung var beucht obgebachter Churfürften / Starften vin Stenben/ berfelben Landen/ Kirchen / Schulen von Nachtommen/ sum onderricht von voarnang m Orud vorfarigtet.



Drefsden, M. D. LXXX.

God's Love Is Ours in Christ Jesus "God wanted to insure my salvation so firmly and certainly---for due to the weakness and wickedness of our flesh it could easily slip from our fingers, and through the deceit and power of the devil and the world it could easily be snatched and taken from our hands---that He ordained my salvation in His eternal purpose, which cannot fail or be overthrown, and put it for safekeeping into the mighty hand of our Savior, Jesus Christ, out of which no one can pluck us (John 10:28). For this reason, too, Paul asks, since we are called according to the purpose of God [Rom 8:28], "who will separate us from the love of God in Christ?" (Rom. 8:35). [FC SD XI 46-47]

#### Conclusion

Romans 8 begins with the declaration that "...nothing [is] condemnation for the ones in Christ Jesus" (v.1); it ends with the blessed assurance that nothing, that is, no "other created thing" (v.39) will be able to "separate us from God's love" (v.35) and that God's love is "for us" (v.31) "in Christ Jesus our Lord" (v.39).

However, Paul does not belittle the real and painful struggles of life that come from our sinful nature and world: "…we face death all the day; we are regarded as sheep of slaughter" (v.36).

Even so, these verses are of the greatest comfort to those who are suffering and dying.

#### Conclusion

Such struggle, however, does not lead us to despair; rather, we are "hyper-conquering" through Jesus Christ who loved us, since NOTHING, once again, can separate YOU from "the love of God in Christ Jesus your Lord!"

#### Conclusion

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You have now reached the mountaintop; the peak from which you can look back clearly over the terrain that we have covered thus far and **REJOICE** that a high point on the hike through Romans has been reached! This section of Romans 8 is a high and secure perch from which you can ponder your Heavenly Father, who handed over His Only-begotten Son, in your behalf, in order to declare you righteous and grant you eternal life in Him! However, the journey continues...and we still have a ways to go! So next week...

### ROMANS

9:1-5



# Paul's Anguish

AND

lsrael's Advantage



